

Grant Title: RESEARCH ON ALCOHOL AND HIV/AIDS (R01, R03, R21)

Funding Opportunity Number: PA-07-028; PA-07-064; PA-07-063

Area of Research: Encourage multidisciplinary, interdisciplinary, and collaborative studies that focus on a range of epidemiologic and intervention issues within HIV and alcohol.

Release & Expiration Dates: November 20, 2006 release; January 3, 2010 expiration.

Application Date: *AIDS-Related Applications:* May 1, September 1, and January 2 annually.

Amount: *R01:* Typically under \$500,000 per year in direct costs; *R03:* Up to \$50,000 per year and a project duration of up to two years may be requested for a maximum of \$100,000 direct costs over a two-year project period; *R21:* Up to \$275,000 over a two-year period, with no more than \$200,000 in direct costs allowed in any single year.

Length of Support: *R01:* Up to 5 years; *R03:* 2 years; *R21:* 2 years

Eligible applicants: Public/State or private controlled Institution of Higher Education; Non and for-profit organizations; Small Business; State Government; U.S. Territory or Possession; Indian/Native American Tribal Government (Federally Recognized); Non-domestic (non-U.S.) Entity (Foreign Organization); Hispanic-serving Institution; Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs); Tribally Controlled Colleges and Universities (TCCUs); Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian Serving Institutions; Regional Organization; Eligible agencies of the Federal government; Faith-based or community based organizations.

Agency/ Department: NIH, NIAAA

Summary: The purpose of this funding opportunity is to identify and characterize the role of alcohol, drinking behaviors, and drinking environments in the epidemiology and natural history, pathogenesis, prevention, treatment and control of HIV/AIDS. The goal is to encourage multidisciplinary, interdisciplinary, and collaborative studies that focus on a range of epidemiologic and intervention issues within HIV and alcohol. Relevant objectives identified in the plan include: Characterize the relative importance of alcohol and drug use in the acquisition and subsequent transmission of HIV in order to identify and apply appropriate alcohol and drug use interventions as public health measures; and/or Investigate the social and environmental factors that contribute to HIV infection, behaviors after infection, and co-occurring conditions (e.g., substance use, mental illness, homelessness, hepatitis, STDs, tuberculosis), including the causes and implications of stigma.

Detailed Information: <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-07-028.html> and <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-07-064.html> and <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/pa-files/PA-07-063.html>